	$\sqrt{1}$ Which of the following is NOT an application of consumer behavior?
	A. marketing strategy
	B.)human resource management
13	C. regulatory policy
y	D. informed consumers
	E social marketing
	L. social and the sties to alter or create behaviors that have a positive
	1 is the application of marketing strategies and tactics to alter or create behaviors that have a positive
	effect on the targeted individuals or society as a whole.
Y	A.)Social marketing
٨	B. Consumer behavior
П	C. Regulation
	D. Proactive marketing
	E. Ethical marketing
	3. The difference between all the benefits derived from a total product and all the costs of acquiring those
	$\sqrt{3}$. The difference between all the benefits derived 2
	benefits is known as
	A. price
P	B. position
7	C. consumer behavior
	D. customer value
1	E. equity
	E. equity 4. Rich is tasked with developing the marketing strategy for his family's business selling weight gain powder.
	1 1 1 - do tirot/
	A segment the market
3	C decide on which segments to target
	D. develop the marketing mix
	E act objectives
	However most clothes are not
	5. Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman. However, most established by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes just as much as any woman with the purchase fashionable clothes and the purchase fashionable clothes are more as a supplied by Erinn likes to purchase fashionable clothes are more fashionable clothes and the purchase fashionable clothes are more fashionable clothes and the purchase fashionable clothes are more fashionable clothes and the purchase fashionable clothes are more fashionable clothes are more fashionable clothes are more fashionable clothes and the purchase fashionable clothes are more fashion
	proportioned for her smaller size and do not fit well. As a result, several manufacturer proportioned for her smaller size and do not fit well. As a result, several manufacturer of clothing for this group of consumers. Women who comprise this group have needs that differ somewhat
	of clothing for this group of consumers.
E	from the total market and represent a
	A. demographic segment
	B. lifestyle segment
	C. market potential
	D. sub-market E) market segment
	6. What is the first step in market segmentation?
	the each group (3)
16	P. group customers With similar needs sets
6	Construction and active the second se
	Select an attractive segment to serve
	E. set objectives for segmenting

√ 7.	Tacoda Systems tracks consumers' online activity and tracking and ad delivery system has been installed on a for-performance basis, which means that advertisers patheir ad. The tracking of online activity and delivery of A. click-throughs B. behavioral targeting C. spamming D. blogging E. cookie targeting	almost 3,000 Web sites, and advertisers pay on a pay Tacoda Systems only when a consumer clicks	pay-
√8.	Which of the following is NOT a step in market segme	entation?	
	A. set budget		
*	B. identify product-related need sets		
	C. group customers with similar need sets \checkmark		
	D. describe each group		
	E. select an attractive segment(s) to serve		
9.	J&J Produce is a distributor of fresh produce. They co identified groups of consumers that had similar product wanted fresh and unique produce, such as Swiss charce pay higher prices for these choices. J&J Produce decide the total market. This segment is J&J's A. need set B. primary market C. customer set D. target market E. market focus	ct-related needs. One particular market identified l, radicchio, and exotic fruits, and they were willing	ng to of
$\sqrt{10}$. To be successful, a product must		
	A) meet the needs of the target market better than the	competition does	
	B. be lower priced than competitors' products C. be of higher quality than competitors' products		
	D. be advertised more than competitors' products		
	E. have greater distribution than the competition does		
√11			firm

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12.	Which element of the marketing mix is concerned with having the product available where target customers
4	can buy it?
	"A."product
7	
P	B. price
C.	C. distribution
	Decommunications
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Eplacement
	Dimension.
\mathcal{O}_{12}	Note in a residence the manches of a new country of the state of the s
13.	Blake is considering the purchase of a new soundtrack to a commercial. In addition to the price, he is also
-	considering the cost of royalties, placement, finance charges, and license fees. All of these factors
	combined represent the
1	A.)yalue
	B. price
	© opportunity cost
y	consumer cost
U	E. value proposition
14.	Which of the following is a cultural factor that affects consumer behavior and marketing strategy?
	A. demographics $\sqrt{}$
	B. values $\sqrt{}$
	C. language \checkmark
	D. nonverbal communications
(E. all of the above
`	\mathcal{C}
15.	In the United States, promptness is considered a virtue. Americans are expected to be on time to an event,
	and they expect others to do so as well. Which aspect of culture best explains this behavior?
	A. Culture is a simple concept.
	B. Culture is something one is born with.
	(C) Gulture is runique to reach individual in a society.
	Culture is time-bound!
	E Culture is acquired, that is, it is learned.
a	
16.	Michelle's father is an executive for a major international corporation that produces Superbowl
	commercials and he has been transferred to various countries over the years. With each move, Michelle is
	enrolled in a new school. Even though English is spoken in the schools she attends, there are students from
	all over the world whose parents have jobs similar to Michelle's father. With each new school, Michelle
	spends the first few weeks merely observing the other students to learn which behaviors are appropriate in
	specific situations because she's learned that at each school the kids behave differently. Michelle is
	attempting to learn that student body's specific regarding behavior.
	A. rules
	B. guidelines
	C. precepts
	(D.)norms
	E. prescriptions

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	$\int 17.$ are widely held beliefs that affirm what is desirable.
	A. Laws B. Religions
	C. Edicts
	D.)Cultural values
	E. Sanctions
)	18. Which of the following is NOT a broad form of cultural values? A. other-oriented B. environment-oriented C. self-oriented
	(D) object-oriented
	E. all of the above are broad forms of cultural values
	√19. Violation of cultural norms results in, or penalties ranging from mild social disapproval to banishment from the group.
	A. norms B. sanctions C. proclamations
	D. ostracization
	E. sentencing
	20. Which of the following is an example of a self-oriented value?
	A religious/secular B. individual/collective CONCURATION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
	C. risk taking/security Sensual grantication labe tinence
	D. tradition/change
	diversity/uniformity NAVOY NOT PLESUVE AVEYSHU JUNIFORMITY
	21. Despite a recent shift, which of the following countries traditionally values individualism over collectivism?
	A. Mexico
	B. India
	(C.) United States
	D. Korea
	E. Japan
	$\sqrt{22}$. What is the basis for virtually all societies?
	(A) family unit
	B. government
	C. schools
	D. religion
	E. workplace

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$\sqrt{23}$.	refers to the degree to which people accept inequality in power, authority, status, and wealth as
	natural or inherent in society.
	A. Cooperation
	Power distance
	C. Collectivism
	D. Individualism
	(E) Statas
,	
$\sqrt{24}$.	Which type of materialism is the acquisition of things to enable one to do something?
	A. primary
	B. secondary
	C. terminal
	D. means-end
	E.)instrumental
, '	
$\sqrt{25}$.	Michael is examining social media in India to see how people perceive time, space, symbols, relationships,
	agreements, things, and etiquette. He is interested in these factors because they influence
	A. language
	B. demographics
	C. nonverbal communications
	D. values
	E. laws
	2. 4.10
26.	Which of the following statements is FALSE regarding the religious/secular value in American society?
•	A. A religious group does not control the educational system, government, or political process.
	B. Most people's daily behaviors are not guided by strict religious guidelines.
i	C. America is basically a religious society.
,	D. Religious-based beliefs do influence decisions.
	E. Many Americans for whom religion is especially important are conservative in their beliefs.
$\sqrt{27}$.	Which of the following is a self-oriented value?
	A. problem solving/fatalistic
	B. individual/collective
	C. tradition/change
1	(D)material/nonmaterial
,	E. performance/status
	— F
$\sqrt{28}$.	Which changing American value has been blamed for the fact that people aged 18 to 40 are most likely to
	admit that they are spending beyond their comfort range?
	A. the shift toward immediate gratification
	B. the shift toward a more religious society
•	L. the shift toward voluntary simplicity
4	D. the shift toward becoming more active
	E. the shift away from being fatalistic
	L. the shift away from being fatanone

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√ 29. A shift back to an emphasis on postponed gratification in American would most likely	
A increase the use of credit	·
B) decrease the use of credit	
Calter the timing of television commercials	
D. expand the use of Internet shopping	
E. none of the above	
i	
$\sqrt{30}$ is consumers' efforts to reduce their reliance on consumption and material possession	ne
A. Downsizing	7113.
B. Dematerialization	
C.)Voluntary simplicity	
D. Demarketing	
E. Voluntary withdrawal	
√31. According to the authors, American culture increasingly values	
(A)diversity	
B. uniformity	
e. collectivity individualism	
D'. fatalism	
E. none of the above	
1	
√32. Marketers have responded to Americans' increasing concern for the environment with an approximately 100 more than 100 more	oproach called
-	
(A) green marketing	
B. clean marketing	
C. environmental marketing	
D. activist marketing	
E. cause-related marketing	
1	
√33. Which of the following is NOT generally involved in green marketing?	
A developing products whose production, use or disposal is less harmful to the environment	at than the T
traditional versions of the product	•
B. developing products that have a positive impact on the environment	
C)pricing products lower than the competition	
D. tying the purchase of a product to an environmental organization or event	
E. all of the above are involved in green marketing	
J24 Torget stores size and server 6	
J34. Target stores give one percent of a customer's purchase to a school of their choice if they us	e a Target Visa
credit card to pay for their purchases. Target will also donate one-half percent of all other purchases.	urchases made
on that card. This is an example of	
A) cause-related marketing	
B. green marketing	
e. nonprofit marketing	
D. image marketing	
E. corporate marketing	

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A. Traditional housewife B. Trapped housewife C. Trapped working woman D. Career working woman E. all of the above
 √36. Olivia wants to describe the population of the Consumer Behavior class she is tragically forced to make a presentation in front of. She wants to describe the class population in terms of its size, distribution, and structure. Which of the following should she use? ★ psychographics ★ behaviorgraphics ★ censographics ★ demographics ★ geographics
√ 37. Which of the following is NOT a reason why the population of the United States has grown steadily since 1960?
A longer life expectancies Princreasing birth rate for most of the period between 1960 and today immigration Dr. baby boomers moving through child-bearing years Princreasing birth rate for most of the period between 1960 and today Princreasing birth rate for most of the period between 1960 and today Princreasing birth rate for most of the period between 1960 and today Princreasing birth rate for most of the period between 1960 and today Princreasing birth rate for most of the period between 1960 and today
38. Which of the following is the most widely applied single cue we use to initially evaluate and define individuals we meet?
A. age B. income C. occupation D. gender E. education
39. A household's purchasing power is a function of which of the following? income and accumulated wealth
B. age and gender C. income and education Deccupation and income E. social class and education
 J 40. Dom Perigon is a famous champagne maker and favorite beverage of Lil Wayne. Part of this company's market research of U.S. consumers looked at education levels of champagne consumers. What education level is a consumer of champagne most likely to have attained (excluding outliers like Lil Wayne)? K. did not graduate high school E. graduated high school Graduated college D graduated college E. none of the above

E

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	ver, because their daughter's education is so	
expensive, her family estimates that they have \$45,000 ava-	ilable to spend on nonessentials such as	
vacations and entertainment. The \$45,000 represents the Os		
Applicative discretionary income (ODI)		
B. adjusted gross income (AGI)		
adjusted discretionary income (ADI)		
Disubjective discretionary income (SDI)		
E. subjective gross income (SGI)		
)		
42. BreAnna is actually 40 years old, but (with make-up) she p	erceives herself to be about 21 years old	
Twenty-one is BreAnna's age.	The state of the s	
A. felt age		
B. real age		
C)cognitive age		
D. perceptual age		
E. chronological age		
2. Unfoliological ago		
43. A(n) is a group of persons who have experienced a c	ommon social political historical and	
economic environment.	ommon social, ponticul, instoricul, und	
A. census age group		
B)age cohort		
C. cognitive group		
D. chronological group		
E. demographic group		
√44. Morgan is analyzing the baby boom generation by describing	ng and explaining their attitudes, values, and	
	and behaviors. Morgan is conducting a	
analysis.	and behaviors. Morgan is conducting a	
analysis. (A) cohort	and behaviors. Morgan is conducting a	
analysis. A) cohort B. generational	and behaviors. Morgan is conducting a	
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic	and behaviors. Morgan is conducting a	
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census	and behaviors. Morgan is conducting a	
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic		
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive		
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive 45. Which generation is NOT part of the mature market?	ove-depression7	hive
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive 45. Which generation is NOT part of the mature market? A. pre-Depression	ove-depression7	ture
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive 45. Which generation is NOT part of the mature market? A. pre-Depression B. Depression	ove-depression7	tuve
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive 45. Which generation is NOT part of the mature market? A. pre-Depression B. Depression C. Generation X	ove-depression7	tuve
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive 45. Which generation is NOT part of the mature market? A. pre-Depression B. Depression C. Generation X D. baby boom	ove-depression7	tuve
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive 45. Which generation is NOT part of the mature market? A. pre-Depression B. Depression C. Generation X	ove-depression7	tuve
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive 45. Which generation is NOT part of the mature market? A. pre-Depression B. Depression C. Generation X D. baby boom E. all of the above are part of the mature market	pre-depression - ma depression - ma baby boomers - m generation x generation x	tuve
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analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive 45. Which generation is NOT part of the mature market? A. pre-Depression B. Depression C. Generation X D. baby boom E. all of the above are part of the mature market 46. Keely and her husband, Eric, were both born in the 1950s. The from college soon, which is leaving them with increased discontinuations.	pre-depression depression baby boomers—ma generation X generation X generation Y	ture
analysis. A) cohort B. generational C. demographic D. census E. cognitive 45. Which generation is NOT part of the mature market? A. pre-Depression B. Depression C. Generation X D. baby boom E. all of the above are part of the mature market 46. Keely and her husband, Eric, were both born in the 1950s. The from college soon, which is leaving them with increased disgeneration do Robert and Jan belong?	pre-depression depression baby boomers—ma generation X generation X generation Y	tuve
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$\int_{47.}$	The more consistent an individual is on all status dimensions, the greater the degree of for the
	individual.
	A. status maturity
	B. status permanence
	C. status inflexibility
(D)status crystallization
`	E. status flexibility
,	One's position relative to others on one or more dimensions valued by society is known as one's A social rank B. social status C. social standing D. social sphere E. social realm
J 49.	The concept that you were supposed to learn from the exercise choosing the Economist.com subscriptions was designed to illustrate the concept of A consumer confidence B. brand effect C. social standing D. relative pricing A reference point pricing
J 50	Jessica was too lazy to study for her Consumer Behavior test. But it's not Jessica's fault, because she was up all night volunteering at the retirement community. To Jessica, hearing about the aging process, back problems, slippers, retirement and Matlock is very interesting because she likes learning about A. market research B. sales and retailing G. gerontographics financial accounting E. entrepreneurial strategy

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